Michigan Department of Treasury 496 (02/06) Auditing Procedures Report

					d P.A. 71 of 1919	, as amended	1								
			vernment Type	_			Local Unit Na				County				
	Count	-	☐City	Twp	▼Village	Other	COLON V	- SOUTH OF SOURCE			St. Joseph				
	al Yea /31/(Opinion Date 07/10/06			Date Audit Report Submitted to State 09/08/06							
We a	affirm	that													
We are certified public accountants licensed to practice in Michigan.															
					erial, "no" resp ments and rec			osed in the financial s	statements	s, includ	ding the notes, or in the				
S Check each applicable box below. (See instructions for further detail.)															
 All required component units/funds/agencies of the local unit are included in the financial statements and/or disclosed in the reporting entity notes to the financial statements as necessary. 								ments and/or disclosed in the							
2.	X							unit's unreserved fun- budget for expenditu		s/unres	stricted net assets				
3.	X		The local	unit is in o	compliance wit	th the Unif	orm Chart of	Accounts issued by the	he Departi	ment of	f Treasury.				
4.	X		The local	unit has a	dopted a budg	get for all r	equired funds	3.							
5.	X		A public h	nearing on	the budget wa	as held in a	accordance v	vith State statute.							
6.	X				ot violated the ssued by the L				ler the Em	nergenc	y Municipal Loan Act, or				
7.	X		The local	unit has n	ot been deling	quent in dis	stributing tax	revenues that were o	ollected fo	or anoth	ner taxing unit.				
8.	X		The local unit only holds deposits/investments that comply with statutory requirements.												
9.	X							litures that came to our attention as defined in the Bulletin for s revised (see Appendix H of Bulletin).							
10.	X		that have	not been	previously cor	nmunicate	d to the Loca		Division (L.		uring the course of our audit f there is such activity that has				
11.	X		The local	unit is free	e of repeated	comments	from previou	s years.							
12.	X		The audit	opinion is	UNQUALIFIE	D.									
13.	X				omplied with 0 g principles (0		or GASB 34 a	s modified by MCGA	A Stateme	ent #7 a	ind other generally				
14.	X		The board	d or counc	il approves all	invoices p	prior to payme	ent as required by cha	arter or sta	atute.					
15.	X		To our kn	owledge,	bank reconcilia	ations that	were reviewe	ed were performed tin	mely.						
incl des	uded cripti	in thon(s)	nis or any of the aut	other aud hority and	lit report, nor or commissio	do they on.	btain a stand	d-alone audit, please	boundarie enclose	es of th the na	ne audited entity and is not me(s), address(es), and a				
		20,000				T .		in all respects.							
We	have	e end	closed the	following	j:	Enclosed	I Not Requir	ed (enter a brief justifica	ition)						
Fin	ancia	l Sta	tements			×									
The	The letter of Comments and Recommendations No Comments and Recommendations								*						
Oth	Other (Describe) Report on Compliance and Internal Control - GAS								AS						
			Accountant (Fi Paulsen, I					Telephone Number 269-651-3228							
0.00	et Add							City	St	tate	Zip				
			icago Roa	nd _				Sturgis		MI	49091				
Authorizing CPA Signature Printed Name License Number Michael R Wilson 1101017570															

VILLAGE OF COLON ST. JOSEPH COUNTY, MICHIGAN

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

March 31, 2006

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Village Council Village of Colon, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Colon, Michigan, as of and for the year ended March 31, 2006, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Village of Colon management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Colon, Michigan, as of March 31, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison schedules, as identified in the table of contents, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated July 10, 2006, on our consideration of the Village of Colon internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

July 10, 2006

Norman in Lucan, RC.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of the Village of Colon financial performance provides an overview of the Village's financial activities for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006. Please read it in conjunction with the Village's financial statements.

Financial Highlights

The Village's overall financial position decreased by \$114,383 during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006, which represents 3 percent of the net asset position at the beginning of the year. Included in the Village's total net assets of \$3,480,002 are the Sewer Disposal System Fund net assets of \$1,593,210 and the Water Supply System Fund net assets of \$1,415,014. The Sewage Disposal System's net assets decreased by \$31,214 and the Water Supply System's net assets decreased by \$63,988.

The Village's Governmental Funds reflected a total fund balance at March 31, 2006 of \$300,999, which was a decrease of \$21,712 from the prior year end. Included in this decrease was the General Fund which reflected a decrease of \$24,042 and the Major Street and Local Street Funds which reflected a combined increase of \$2,330.

The total Governmental Fund expenditures for the year ended March 31, 2006, amounted to \$611,127, of which \$201,315 (33 percent) was for public works; \$304,005 (50 percent) was for public safety; and \$77,773 (13 percent) was for general government.

Using This Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net assets and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of the Village as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Village's finances. This longer-term view uses the accrual basis of accounting so that it can measure the cost of providing services during the current year, and whether the taxpayers have funded the full cost of providing government services.

The Fund financial statements present a short-term view; they tell us how the taxpayers' resources were spent during the year, as well as how much is available for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Village's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the Village's most significant funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Village as a Whole

The following table shows, in a condensed format, the net assets as of the current year end and compared to the prior year end under the modified accrual basis of accounting:

(dollars presented in thousands) Governmental Enterprise Funds Funds 2006 _ 2005 _ 2006 _ 2005 5,622 \$ 457 \$ 487 \$ 5,442 \$ Assets Liabilities 156 164 2,434 2,519 Fund Equity Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 2,601 2,714 Retained Earnings Restricted 64 63 343 Unreserved 326 Fund Balances 115 111 Reserved Unreserved 186 212 Total Fund 301 \$ 323 \$ 3,008 \$ 3,103 Equity

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following table shows, in a condensed format, the net assets as of the current year end and compared to the prior year end as required by GASB 34 stated under the full accrual basis.

(dollars presented in thousands)

	Govern Activ		Business-Type Activities			
	2006	2005	2006	2005		
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 491 138	\$ 489 182	\$ 428 4,890	\$ 416 5,092		
Total assets	629	671	5,318	5,508		
Long-term debt outstanding Other liabilities	97 60	113 67	2,289 21	2,379 26		
Total liabilities	157	180	2,310	2,405		
Net assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	41 239 192	69 233 <u>189</u>	2,601 64 <u>343</u>	2,714 63 326		
Total net assets	\$ 472	<u>\$ 491</u>	\$ 3,008	\$ 3,103		

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following table shows the changes of the net assets during the current year as compared to the prior year, under the modified accrual basis of accounting:

(dollars presented in thousands)

	Governm Fund			rprise nds
2	006	2005	2006	2005
Revenue				
Taxes \$	300 \$	297	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses and permits	8	10	_	_
State grants	221	227	_	_
Charges for services	39	33	392	366
Fines and forfeitures	4	3	_	_
Rents	_	_	22	27
Interest	4	3	7	5
Other	13	18	7	2
Total revenue	589	591	428	400
Program expenses				
General government	78	67	_	_
Public safety	304	293	_	_
Public works	201	253	_	_
Health and welfare	6	12	_	_
Recreation and cultural	2	2	_	_
Debt service	20	7	_	_
Sewer system	_	_	117	150
Water system	_	_	86	122
Depreciation	_	_	240	240
Interest expense			80	82
Total expenses	611	634	523	<u> </u>
Excess (deficiency) \$	(22) \$	<u>(43</u>)	\$ (95)	\$ (194)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following table shows, in a condensed format, the changes in net assets during the current year as compared to the prior year as required by GASB 34 stated under the full accrual basis of accounting.

(dollars presented in thousands)

_		Govern Activ		Business-Type <u>Activities</u>				
Revenues		2006	2005		2006		2005	
Program revenues Charges for services Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions General revenues Property taxes State shared revenues Unrestricted investment earnings Miscellaneous	\$	51 105 - 300 120 5	\$ 39 108 - 297 123 3 34	\$	392 - - - - 7 29	\$	366 - - - - 4 30	
Total revenues		590	604		428		400	
Expenses General government Public safety Public works Health and welfare Recreation and cultural Debt service Sewer system Water system	_	84 312 201 6 2 4	86 302 262 12 2 6		- - - - - - 202 321		- - - - - - 235 359	
Total expenses		609	 670		523		594	
Change in net assets	\$	(19)	\$ (66)	\$	(95)	\$	(194)	

The Village's Funds

Our analysis of the Village's major funds begins on page 10, following the government-wide financial statements. The fund financial statements provide detail information about the most significant funds, not the Village as a whole. Major funds for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006 include the General Fund and the Major Street and Local Street Funds.

The General fund pays for most of the Village's governmental services. The primary services include police protection services and administrative services related to general operations that support the primary services. The General Fund is funded primarily by property taxes and state shared revenues.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

As shown in the required supplemental information, the Village budgeted a decrease of \$25,781 in the original budget and a decrease of \$16,952 in the amended budget. Actual operating results ended up as a decrease of \$24,042.

The original budget was amended to reflect an increase in income of \$17,800. The original budget was amended to reflect an increase in expenditures of \$8,971.

The actual results ended the fiscal year within \$7,090 of the amended budget.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

During the year ended March 31, 2006, the total capital assets of the Village increased by \$38,014 for sewage disposal system equipment which was paid for with operating funds.

During the year ended March 31, 2006, the total debt obligations of the Village decreased by principal payments of \$105,651. Total debt obligations at March 31, 2006 amounted to \$2,385,621.

Contacting the Village's Management

This financial report is intended to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors with a general overview of the Village's finances and to show the Village's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact the Village office.



VILLAGE OF COLON STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS MARCH 31, 2006

	Primary Government							
	Governmental <u>Activities</u>			Business Type ctivities		Total		
ASSETS Cash and investments Receivables, net Internal balances Prepaid and other assets Restricted assets Capital assets - net	\$	364,602 59,377 54,543 12,594 - 137,962	\$	353,117 60,218 (54,543) 5,784 63,718 4,889,855		717,719 119,595 - 18,378 63,718 5,027,817		
Total assets		629 , 078		5,318,149		5,947,227		
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued and other liabilities Debt obligations: Due within one year Due in more than one year Total liabilities		56,864 3,470 8,748 88,218 157,300		- 21,270 90,000 2,198,655 2,309,925		56,864 24,740 98,748 2,286,873 2,467,225		
NET ASSETS Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted: Debt service Road maintenance Water system maintenance Other purposes Unrestricted		40,996 - 235,361 - 4,042 191,379		2,601,202 17,095 - 46,624 - 343,303		2,642,198 17,095 235,361 46,624 4,042 534,682		
Total net assets	\$	471,778	\$	3,008,224	\$	3,480,002		

See accompanying notes to financial statements

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES MARCH 31, 2006

			Program Revenues						
Functions/Programs	 Expenses	_	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and ntributions	<u>Cc</u>	Capital Grants and ontributions		
Primary government Governmental activities:									
General government Public safety Public works Health and welfare Recreation and cultural Interest on long-term debt	\$ 83,509 312,219 201,315 6,347 1,860 4,176	_	\$ 38,828 7,875 4,323 - - -	\$	2,131 103,307 - -	\$	- - - - -		
Total governmental activities	609,426		51,026		105,438		-		
Business-type activities: Sanitary sewer Water	 202,611 320,829	_	154,110 238,155		<u>-</u>		_ 		
Total business-type activities	 523,440	_	392 , 265						
Total primary government	\$ 1,132,866	2	\$ 443,291	\$	105,438	\$			

General revenues:

Property taxes
State shared revenues
Unrestricted investment earnings
Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

CHANGE IN NET ASSETS

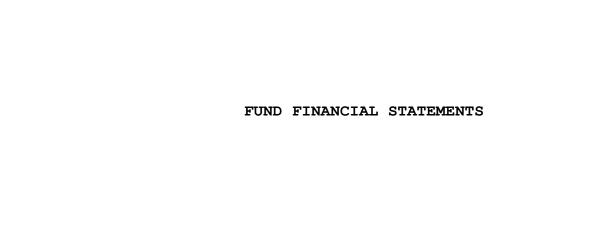
NET ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR

NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

Pr	imary Governme	nt
Governmental Activities	Business Type <u>Activities</u>	Total
\$ (44,681) (302,213) (93,685) (6,347) (1,860) (4,176)	- - -	\$ (44,681) (302,213) (93,685) (6,347) (1,860) (4,176)
(452,962)	-	(452,962)
	(48,501) (82,674)	
	(131,175)	(131,175)
(452,962)	(131,175)	(584,137)
300,174 120,479 4,594 8,534	- - 7,207 	300,174 120,479 11,801 37,300
433,781	<u>35,973</u>	469,754
(19,181)	(95,202)	(114,383)
490,959	3,103,426	3,594,385
\$ 471,778	\$ 3,008,224	\$ 3,480,002



GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET MARCH 31, 2006

ASSETS		General Fund	 Major Street Fund		Local Street Fund	Gov	Total vernmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Due from other	\$	142 , 285 857	\$ 24 , 554 576	\$	73,319 -	\$	240,158 1,433
governmental units Due from other funds Prepaid expenditures		39,899 111,169 7,614	 12,296 38,064 403		5,749 - 402		57,944 149,233 8,419
Total assets	\$	301,824	\$ 75,893	<u>\$</u>	79,470	\$	457,187
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE							
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds	\$	52,806 3,251 69,610	\$ - 109 303	\$	- 110 29,999	\$	52,806 3,470 99,912
Total liabilities		125 , 667	412		30,109		156,188
FUND BALANCE Reserved for police training Reserved for drug enforcement Reserved for road maintenance	nt	1,092 2,950 110,519	- - -		- - -		1,092 2,950 110,519
Unreserved, undesignated Total fund balance		61,596 176,157	 75,481 75,481	-	49,361 49,361		186,438 300,999
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	301,824	\$ 75,893	\$	79,470	<u>\$</u>	457,187

VILLAGE OF COLON GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES MARCH 31, 2006

Total governmental fund balances

\$ 300,999

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Governmental capital assets
Less accumulated depreciation

\$ 170,300 (70,811)

99,489

Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Notes payable

(96,966)

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities.

Net assets of the internal service funds

168,256

Net assets of governmental activities

\$ 471,778

See accompanying notes to financial statements

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2006

		General Fund		Major Street Fund		Local Street (Fund	30 <i>1</i>	Total vernmental Funds
REVENUE Taxes Licenses and permits State grants Charges for services Fines and forfeitures Interest Other	\$	300,174 7,875 122,610 38,828 4,323 2,984 3,048	\$	- 67,056 - 404 7,246	\$	- 31,380 - - 376 3,111		300,174 7,875 221,046 38,828 4,323 3,764 13,405
Total revenue		479,842		74,706		34,867		589,415
EXPENDITURES Legislative General government Public safety Public works Health and welfare Recreation and cultural Debt service		26,992 50,781 304,005 94,072 6,347 1,860 19,827		- - - 55,949 - -		- - - 51,294 - -		26,992 50,781 304,005 201,315 6,347 1,860 19,827
Total expenditures		503,884	_	55,949		51,294		611,127
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES		(24,042)		18 , 757		(16,427)	(21,712)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds)	<u>-</u>		- (15 , 67 <u>5</u>)		15 , 675		15,675 (15,675)
Total other financing sources (uses)				(15 , 67 <u>5</u>)	_	15 , 675		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE AND OTHER SOURCES OV EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES		(24,042)		3,082		(752)	(21,712)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		200,199		72 , 399		50,113		322,711
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	176,157	<u>\$</u>	75 , 481	\$	49,361	\$	300,999

See accompanying notes to financial statements

VILLAGE OF COLON GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2006

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds \$ (21,712)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives.

Expenditures for capital assets

Depreciation expense (10,119)

Loan proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds in the period issued, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of loan principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of assets.

Proceeds from debt obligations
Principal payments on debt obligations

15,651

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of certain services to individual governmental and business-type funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds are allocated to governmental and business-type activities.

Net change from internal service funds related to governmental activities

(3,001)

Change in net assets of governmental activities

\$ (19,181)

VILLAGE OF COLON PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS MARCH 31, 2006

M	IARCH 31, 200	00		
	Sewage Disposal System Fund	Water Supply System Fund	Total	Motor Pool Internal Service Fund
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS Cash Investments Accounts receivable Due from other funds Prepaid and other assets Total current assets	\$ 200,037 130,261 24,135 69,579 3,452	36,083 -	\$ 222,856 130,261 60,218 69,579 5,784	- - 5,222
iotal cullent assets	427,404	01,234	400,090	133,039
NONCURRENT ASSETS Restricted assets Capital assets, net of depreciation	_ 	63,718 _3,722,080	63,718 <u>4,889,855</u>	
Total noncurrent assets	1,167,775	3,785,798	4,953,573	38,474
Total assets			5,442,271	172,313
LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES Current portion of long-term debt Accounts payable Accrued and other liabilities Due to other funds	- 1,091 938	90,000 - 20,179 123,184	90,000 - 21,270 124,122	4,058 -
Total current liabilities	2,029	233,363	235,392	4,058
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES Long-term debt, net of current portion Total liabilities			2,198,655 2,434,047	
NET ASSETS Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for maintenance and repair Restricted for debt service Unrestricted	<u>-</u> -	46,624 17,095	•	38,474 - - 129,781
Total net assets	<u>\$1,593,210</u>	\$1,415,014	\$3,008,224	<u>\$ 168,255</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements

VILLAGE OF COLON PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2006

	D	Sewage isposal System Fund _	Water Supply System Fund	Total	Motor Pool Internal Service Fund
OPERATING REVENUE Charges for services	\$	154,110 \$	238,155 \$	392,265	\$ 59,810
OPERATING EXPENSES Operating and administrative Depreciation		117,098 85,513	86,169 154,844	203,267 240,357	29,822 33,819
Total operating expenses		202,611	241,013	443,624	63,641
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(48,501)	(2,858)	(51,359)	(3,831)
NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES) Rental income Investment income Other revenue Interest expense		8,000 6,778 2,509	13,879 429 4,378 (79,816)	21,879 7,207 6,887 (79,816)	- 830 - -
Total nonoperating revenue (expense)		17 , 287	(61,130)	(43,843)	830
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS NET ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	_1	(31,214)		(95,202) 3,103,426	
NET ASSETS - ENDING OF YEAR				3,008,224	

VILLAGE OF COLON PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2006

TEAN ENDED PRINCIL SI, 2000							
	D	Sewage isposal System Fund	Water Supply System Fund	Total	Motor Pool Internal Service Fund		
Cash flows from operating activities							
Receipts from customers Receipts for internal	\$	150,410 \$	228,911 \$	379,321	-		
services		_	_	_	59,810		
Payments to employees and suppliers		(46,525)	(58,270)	(104,795)	(46,537)		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		103,885	170,641	274,526	13,273		
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities Other receipts		10,508	18,257	28 , 765	_		
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Principal paid on debt Interest paid on debt Acquisition of capital assets Proceeds from sale of assets		- - (38,014)	(90,000) (79,816) - -	(90,000) (79,816) (38,014)	- - - -		
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		(38,014)	(169,816)	(207,830)	_		
Cash flows from investing activi Interest received on investments Purchase of investment	ti∈	6,778 (4,708)	429 	7,207 (4,708)	830 —		
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		2,070	429	2,499	830		
Net increase (decrease) in cash		78 , 449	19,511	97 , 960	14,103		
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		121,588	67 , 026	188 , 614	110,339		
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$	200,037 \$	86 , 537 \$	286,574	124,442		

See accompanying notes to financial statements

VILLAGE OF COLON PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - Continued YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2006

	Sewage Disposal System Fund		Water Supply System Fund Total		Motor Pool Internal Service Fund
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities Operating income (loss)	\$	(48,501)\$	(2,858)	\$ (51,359)	\$ (3,831)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities Depreciation		85,513	154,844	240,357	33,819
(Increase) decrease in: Accounts receivable Other current assets Due from other funds		(3,625) (501) 71,621		(839)	- (607) 892
<pre>Increase (decrease) in: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds</pre>		(1,658) 98 938	(2,763) (573) 9,006	(475)	(90)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	103,885 \$	170,641 <u>s</u>	\$ 274 , 526	\$ 13 , 273

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2006

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Village of Colon conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to villages. GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. In the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements for proprietary funds, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, have been applied unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case, GASB prevails. For enterprise funds, GASB 20 and 34 provide the Village the option of electing to apply FASB pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989. The Village has elected not to apply those pronouncements. The more significant accounting policies establishing GAAP and used by the Village are discussed below.

Reporting Entity

The Village of Colon operates a Council-President form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police, fire and inspections), highways and streets, sanitation, parks and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, GASB 14, these financial statements present the Village (the primary government) and its component units, entities for which the Village is considered to be financially accountable. There are no component units to be included in these financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2006

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Basis of Accounting - Government-Wide Financial Statements - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the Village as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. These statements distinguish between activities that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. Internal service fund activity is eliminated to avoid "doubling-up" revenues and expenses.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which the governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Therefore, governmental fund financial statements include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between expenses, both direct and indirect, and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the Village and for each governmental and component unit program. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Some functions, such as administrative and financial services include expenses that are, in essence, indirect expenses of other functions. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Village.

Net assets should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, it is the Village's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2006

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Basis of Accounting - Fund Financial Statements - Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditure/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Village or meets the following criteria:

- * Total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- * Total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.
- * Any fund the Village elects to include as a major fund.

Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

The Village reports the following major funds:

General Fund - The general fund is the general operating fund of the Village. The fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property taxes, state shared revenues and charges for services.

Special Revenue Funds

Major Street Fund - To account for gas and weight tax allocations to the Village by the Michigan Department of Transportation for construction and maintenance of major streets within the Village.

Local Street Fund - To account for gas and weight tax allocations to the Village by the Michigan Department of Transportation for construction and maintenance of local streets within the Village.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2006

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Enterprise Funds

Sewage Disposal System Fund - To account for user charges and for operating expenses and debt service of the Village's sewer system.

Water Supply System Fund - To account for user charges and for operating expenses and debt service of the Village's water system.

The following is a description of two major categories and various fund types within those categories into which the funds are grouped:

Governmental Fund - All governmental funds are accounted for using modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measurement focus. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable.

Revenue Recognition - "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" collectable within the current period or soon thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current The Village considers property taxes, assessments, licenses, interest revenue and charges for sales and services as susceptible to accrual if the amount was due on or before fiscal year end and collection was within one year after year end except for property taxes for which must be within two months of collection year Reimbursements due for state and federally funded projects are accrued as revenue at the time the expenditures are made, or when received in advance, deferred until expenditures are All other revenue is recognized as payments are received.

Expenditure Recognition - The measurement focus of governmental accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Most expenditures are measurable and are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, principal and interest on general long-term debt, which has not matured, are recognized when paid. Allocation of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2006

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

The following is a description of the governmental fund types of the Village:

General Fund - The general fund is the general operating fund of the Village. The fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property taxes, state shared revenues and charges for services.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments and major capital projects) requiring separate accounting because of legal or regulatory provisions or administrative action.

Proprietary Funds - All proprietary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. These funds account for operations that are primarily financed by user charges. The economic resource focus concerns determining costs as a means of maintaining the capital investment and management control. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned and their expenses are recognized when they are incurred. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation, are recorded in proprietary funds. Unbilled utility receivables are recorded at year end.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Village's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The water and sewer funds also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses include the cost of sales and services, administrative costs and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2006

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

The following is a description of the proprietary fund types of the Village:

Enterprise Funds - Enterprise funds report operations that provide services which are financed primarily by user charges, or activities where periodic measurement of net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control or other purposes.

Internal Service Funds - Internal service funds are used to record the financing of goods or services provided by the Village to other departments and funds or to other governmental units on a cost reimbursement basis.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting - Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are legally adopted for the general and special revenue funds. The Village adopts its budget in accordance with Public Act 621, the Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act, which mandates an annual budget process and an annual appropriation act to implement the budget. The Village follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- * On or about February 1, the Village President submits to the Village Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following April 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- * Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- * On or about April 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of resolution.
- * The Village President is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within departments.
- * The budget for the general fund and special revenue funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.
- * Appropriations for the general fund and special revenue funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year.
- * Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the Village Council.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2006

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Deposits and Investments - Statutes authorize the primary government and component units to invest in the following:

- * In bonds, securities and other obligations of the United States or agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- * In certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts or depository receipts of a bank which is a member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, a saving and loan association which is a member of the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation or a credit union which is insured by the National Credit Union Administration.
- * In commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the two highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- * In United States government of federal agency obligation repurchase agreements.
- * In banker's acceptances of United States banks.
- * In obligations of this state or any of its political subdivisions that at the time of purchase are rated as investment grade by not less than one standard rating service.
- * In mutual funds composed of investment vehicles which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value.

Receivables and Payables - Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "advances to/from other funds." All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/due from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

All trade and property tax receivables are shown as net of allowance for uncollectible amounts.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2006

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Prepaid Items - Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

Capital Assets and Depreciation - Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Village as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of five years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost of purchase or construction. Contributed assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are also capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as Depreciation on all assets is provided on the incurred. straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

	Depreciable Life-Years
Land improvements	15-40
Streets	15-20
Utility systems	30-50
Buildings and improvements	15-50
Machinery and equipment	5-20
Vehicles	2-7
Furniture and other	3-7

Long-Term Obligations - In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2006

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Property Taxes - The Village's property taxes are levied as an enforceable lien on property as of December 1. Village taxes are levied on the following July 1 and are payable without penalty through September 16. Real property taxes not collected as of March 1 are turned over to St. Joseph County for collection. The County advances the Village 100% for delinquent real property taxes. Collection of delinquent personal property taxes remains the responsibility of the Village's treasurer. The Village's property taxes levied on July 1 provide the revenue for the current fiscal year.

The assessed and state equalized taxable value of real and personal property located in the Village totaled \$24,338,473. The Village's general operating levy for the year was based on a millage rate of 11.1777.

Compensated Absences - It is the Village's policy to not pay for unused vacation or sick days and not to allow accumulation of unpaid days. Therefore, no current or long-term liability has been accrued.

Fund Equity - In the fund statements, reservations of fund balance represent amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally segregated for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2006

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Village's deposits and investments are included on the balance sheet under the following classifications:

	Primary <u>Government</u>		
Statement of Net Assets: Cash and investments Restricted assets	\$	717,719 63,718	
Total	\$	781,437	
Deposits and Investments: Bank deposits (checking accounts and			
savings accounts) Certificates of deposit	\$ 	621,176 160,261	
Total	<u>\$</u>	781,437	

Deposits - The deposits of the Village were reflected in the accounts of the bank (without recognition of checks written but not yet cleared or of deposits in transit) at approximately \$785,606. Of that amount, approximately \$360,261 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$425,345 was uninsured and uncollateralized.

The Village believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all bank deposits. As a result, the Village evaluates each financial institution it deposits Village Funds with and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables in the governmental activities are 97 percent due from other governments, 2 percent accounts receivable, and 1 percent accrued interest receivable. Business-type activities receivables are 99 percent due from customers and 1 percent accrued interest receivable.

Accounts receivable in the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts of -0-.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2006

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund receivables and payables consisted of the following at March 31, 2006:

Fund	<u>Receivable</u>	Fund	Payable
<u>Due from/to other funds</u> General	\$ 111,169	Local Street Water	\$ 28,356 82,813 111,169
Major Streets	38,064	General Local Street	36,680 1,384 38,064
Sewer	69 , 579	General Water	29,579 40,000 69,579
Motor Pool	5,222	General Major Street Local Street Sewer Water	3,351 303 260 938 370 5,222
Totals	\$ 224,034		\$ 224,034

The Due From/To Other Fund balances resulted from temporary loans to cover cash short falls in a given fund and from a time lag between the dates that interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and payments between funds are made.

Transfers consisted of the following for the year ended March 31, 2006:

	Transfers		Tr	ansfers
Fund	<u> </u>	Fund		In
Major Ctroot	\$ 15,675	Iogal Ctroot	Ċ	15,675
Major Street	<u> </u>	Local Street	<u>ې</u>	13,673

Transfers are used to: (1) move revenues from the fund that is required to collect them to the fund that is required or allowed to expend them; (2) the transfer from the major street fund to the local street fund represents the sharing of gas and weight tax revenues; and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2006

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended March 31, 2006, was as follows:

		Balance April 1,						Balance March 31,
Primary Government		2005	_	Additions		Disposals		2006
riimary Government								
Governmental activiti	es							
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$	13,600	\$	_	\$	_	\$	13,600
Capital assets, bein depreciated: Buildings and	ıg							
improvements Machinery and		95,263		-		-		95 , 263
equipment		296,063		_		_		296,063
Vehicles	_	59,437	_		_		_	59,437
Subtotal		450,763		-		-		450,763
Accumulated depreciat	io	n						
Buildings and								
improvements Machinery and		17,810		1,905		-		19,715
equipment		223,771		33,819		_		257 , 590
Vehicles		40,882	_	8,214				49,096
Subtotal		282,463		43,938				326,401
Net capital assets being depreciated		168,300						124,362
Net capital assets	\$	181,900					\$	137,962

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2006

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS - Continued

	Balance April 1, 2005	Additions	Disposals/ Transfers				
Business-Type activit:	ies						
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 38,841	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 38,841			
Capital assets, bein depreciated: Sewage disposal	g						
system Water supply	3,073,544	38,014	-	3,111,558			
system	4,431,858			4,431,858			
Subtotal	7,505,402	38,014	_	7,543,416			
Accumulated depreciat:	ion						
Sewage disposal system	1,858,270	85,513	-	1,943,783			
Water supply system	<u>593,775</u>	154,844		748,619			
Subtotal	2,452,045	240,357		2,692,402			
Net capital assets being depreciated	<u>5,053,357</u>			4,851,014			
Net capital assets	<u>\$ 5,092,198</u>			<u>\$ 4,889,855</u>			
Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:							
Governmental activi	ties:	Busines	s-type acti	vities:			
General government Public safety Public works	\$ 9,5 33,5	557 Water	ary Sewer :	\$ 85,513 154,844			
Total	\$ 43 , 9	<u>938</u> T	otal	\$ 240 , 357			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2006

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT

Following is a summary of long-term debt transactions for the year ended March 31, 2006:

	Balance			Balance	
	April 1,			March 31,	Current
	2005	Additions	<u>Reductions</u>	2006	<u>Portion</u>
Governmental Activities	3				
Note payable	\$ 46,197	\$ -	\$ 14,363	\$ 31,834	\$ 7,430
Note payable	66,420	<u> </u>	1,288	65,132	1,318
	112,617	_	15 , 651	96,966	8,748
Business-Type Activitie	es				
Revenue bonds	785,000	_	10,000	775,000	10,000
Revenue bonds	1,593,655		80,000	1,513,655	80,000
	2,378,655		90,000	2,288,655	90,000
Total Primary Government					
Long-Term Debt	<u>\$ 2,491,272</u>	\$ -	<u>\$ 105,651</u>	<u>\$ 2,385,621</u>	\$ 98,748

Long-term debt payables at March 31, 2006, consisted of the following individual issues:

Governmental Activities

Note payable to bank, yearly payments of \$8,892, including interest at 4.60%, final payment December 1, 2009, secured by fire truck

Note payable to bank, monthly payments of \$365 including interest at 4.75%, final payment of \$64,415 due Japuary

Total Governmental Activities

Long-Term Liabilities \$ 96,966

Business-Type Activities

2000 Water Supply System USA Revenue Bonds approved in the amount of \$805,000, payable in annual installments of \$5,000 to\$45,000 beginning October 1, 2001 through October 1, 2040, interest at 5.125%, payable semi-annually

\$ 775,000

31,834

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2006

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

2000 Water Supply System DWRF Revenue Bonds approved in the amount of \$2,085,000, payable in annual installments of \$80,000 to \$130,000 beginning April 1, 2004 through April 1, 2022, interest at 2.5%, payable semi-annually

1,513,655

Total Business-Type Activities Long-Term Liabilities

2,288,655

Total Primary Government Long-Term Debt

\$ 2,385,621

Debt Service Requirements

The annual requirements to service all debt outstanding as of March 31, 2006, including both principal and interest, are as follows:

		Governmental Activities								
	<u>Pri</u>	ncipal	<u> </u>	nterest	Total					
2007 2008 2009 2010	\$	8,748 71,586 8,129 8,503	\$	4,530 3,380 765 391	\$	13,278 74,966 8,894 8,894				
Total	\$	96,966	\$	9,066	\$	106,032				

		Business-Type Activities							
	<u>Pr</u>	incipal		Interest	Total				
2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012-2016 2017-2021 2022-2026 2027-2031 2032-2036 2037-2040	\$	90,000 95,000 95,000 100,000 100,000 555,000 658,655 100,000 130,000 160,000 205,000	\$	77,560 75,048 72,410 69,773 67,010 291,863 208,832 142,219 114,031 77,900 32,042	\$	167,560 170,048 167,410 169,773 167,010 846,863 867,487 242,219 244,031 237,900 237,042			
Total	\$	2,288,655	\$	1,228,688	\$	3,517,343			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2006

NOTE 7 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The Village has purchased commercial insurance for most risks of loss to which it is exposed. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 8 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

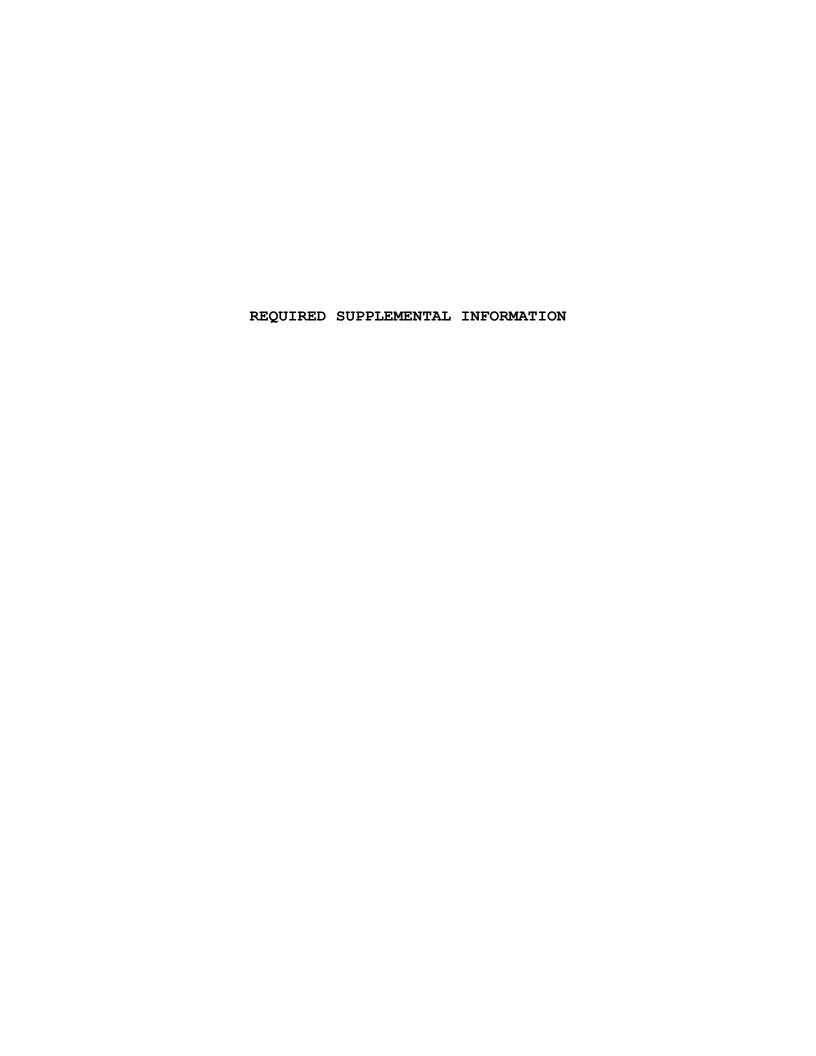
The annual budget is prepared by the Village President and adopted by the Village Council; subsequent amendments are approved by the Village Council. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end; encumbrances are not included as expenditures. During the current year, the budget was amended in a legally permissible manner.

The budget has been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

State statutes provide that a local unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated. The approved budgets of the Village were adopted on a fund level basis.

During the year ended March 31, 2006, the Village incurred expenditures in excess of the amounts appropriated at the legal level of budgetary control as follows:

	 <u>Budget</u>	 <u> Actual</u>	<u> Variance</u>		
General Fund					
Legislative	\$ 26,545	\$ 26 , 992	\$	447	
Public safety	\$ 290,327	\$ 304,005	\$	13,678	



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2006

	 Original Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance With Amended Budget
REVENUES	_	_		_
Taxes	\$ 291,350	· ·	•	
Licenses and permits	6,850	7,500	7,875	375
State grants	125,650	126,070	122,610	(3,460)
Charges for services	34,450	38 , 635	38,828	193
Fines and forfeitures	2,250	3 , 935	4,323	388
Interest	1,300	2,490	2,984	494
Other	 2,000	<u> 2,670</u>	3,048	<u>378</u>
Total revenues	463,850	481,650	479 , 842	(1,808)
EXPENDITURES				
Legislative	18,123	26,545	26,992	(447)
General government	51,260	50,782	50,781	1
Public safety	291,150	290,327	304,005	(13 , 678)
Public works	119,429	102,907	94,072	8,835
Health and welfare	6,183	6,347	6,347	-
Recreation and cultural	3,486	1,863	1,860	3
Debt service	 	19,831	19,827	4
Total expenditures	489,631	498,602	503,884	(5,282)
iotal expenditures	 409,031	490,002	303,884	(J, 202)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(25,781)	(16,952)	(24,042)	(7,090)
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of year	 200,199	200,199	200,199	
FUND BALANCE - End of year	\$ 174,418	<u>\$ 183,247</u> <u>\$</u>	176,157	<u>\$ (7,090</u>)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION MAJOR STREET FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2006

	Original Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance with Amended Budget
REVENUE State grant Interest Other	\$ 75,000 350 3,300	\$ 70,000 367 5,768	\$ 67,056 \$ 404 7,246	(2,944) 37 1,478
Total revenues	78 , 650	76,135	74,706	(1,429)
EXPENDITURES Public works	67,175	<u>57,271</u>	<u>55,949</u>	1,322
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY)OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	11,475	18,864	18,757	(107)
OTHER FINANCING (USES) Transfer to other funds	<u>(15,675</u>)	(15,675)	(15,675)	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	(4,200)	3,189	3,082	(107)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	72 , 399	<u>72,399</u>	<u>72,399</u>	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 68,199</u>	<u>\$ 75,588</u>	<u>\$ 75,481</u>	<u>\$ (107</u>)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION LOCAL STREET FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2006

	Original <u>Budget</u>		Amended Budget			Actual	Variance with Amended Budget	
REVENUE State grant Interest Other	\$	32,500 450 6,550	\$	30,000 350 3,985		31,380 376 3,111	\$	1,380 26 (874)
Total revenues		39,500		34,335		34,867		532
EXPENDITURES Public works		<u>58,234</u> .		52 , 711		51,294		1,417
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY)OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	(18,734)	(18,376)		(16,427)		1,949
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers from other funds		15 , 675		<u>15,675</u>		15,67 <u>5</u>		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES		(3,059)		(2,701)		(752)		1,949
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		50,113		50,113		50,113		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	<u>47,054</u>	\$	<u>47,412</u>	\$	49,361	\$	1,949



Norman & Paulsen, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED

IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Members of the Village Council Village of Colon

We have audited the financial statements of Village of Colon as of and for the year ended March 31, 2006, and have issued our report thereon dated July 10, 2006. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance - As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting - In planning and performing our audit, we considered internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information of the Village Council, management and federal awarding agencies and passthrough entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Norman & Param, P.C.

July 10, 2006

Jerrel T. Norman (1941-1982)

Donald L. Paulsen, CPA Patrick J. Monahan, CPA